





## Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,

Of Jefferson County.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,

HON. JAS. E. CANTRELL,

Of Scott County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

P. W. HARDIN,

Of Mercer County.

FOR AUDITOR,

GEN. FAYETTE HEWITT,

Of Hardin County.

FOR TREASURER,

HON. J. W. TATE,

Of Franklin County.

FOR SUP'T. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

PROF. J. DESHA PICKETT,

Of Fayette County.

FOR REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE,

CAPT. RALPH SHELDON,

Of Nelson County.

County Ticket.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

HON. R. P. HOCKER.

The Louisville Bar, the Lincoln Bar,

and the Greenville Bar have all called

on Judge Hargis to refute the charges of

perjury and mutilating records preferred

against him by T. M. Green.

What will the Stewarts say now?

Congressman Hull, of Florida, has been

tried by a United States court, every

member of which is a Republican, and

a jury, all of whom could take the test

oath, and yet he was acquitted by a

unanimous vote of the jury.

Brother MENSELL, of the Louisville

Democrat, is spoken of for the position

of Secretary of State, under Dr. Black-

burn. He was one of, and probably

the first Editor of the State who favored

Doctor's candidacy, and if the doctrine

"To the victor belongs the spoils," he

true, he ought to be appointed. He is,

no doubt, well qualified for the position.

CAPT. W. J. STONE, ex-Speaker of

the late House of Representatives, of

this State, has withdrawn from the

Senatorial race, in the district of which

his county (Lyon) is a part. This

leaves the contest to Judge Wilkinson,

of the Trigg County Democrat, and

A. J. Flemming, of Livingston. Judge

Wilkinson has a strong competitor,

Hon. Oscar Turner M. C., ought to

come home and help him out, in return

for the valuable aid he received from

the Judge, last fall.

Welcome from Mr. F. W. Pirtle, who

has recently returned from New Orleans,

the following information concerning

crops, &amp;c:

The corn crop in Louisiana, Missis-

sippi, Tennessee and Southern Ken-

tucky, is looking well, and is in fine

condition; a large acreage has been

planted, a splendid yield is now prom-

ised. The crop in Louisiana is much

larger than ever known before. The

cane crop of this year's planting, is

looking fine. The stubble cane is not

doing well, supposed to have been in-

jured by the intense cold weather of last

winter. The rice crop is cut short on

account of the drought, and probably

will not be more than a third of an

average yield. Cotton is looking fine,

and some of it blossoming in Louisiana,

but in Mississippi and Tennessee is in

condition but is not in quite so forward

a state of growth. Wheat in Tennessee

is very fine, and a large acreage, and

is now being harvested, and the yield

promises very satisfactory. In Missis-

sippi but little wheat is grown. What

they have looks well. The wheat in

Southern Kentucky also looks well, and

the yield will be large. Mr. Pirtle re-

ports the health of the South as very

good. There are a few cases of Cholera

in New Orleans, caused by imprudent

eating. He says the reports about yel-

low fever is all false, so far as he could

find out. It is a pleasure to meet with

a man like Mr. Pirtle, who is a close

observer. When he travels he sees and

takes in the situation, and when he re-

turns he is not only wiser himself by

the tour but is prepared to impart his

observations to others, which in this in-

stance he has done through the proper

medium, his county paper.

THE Republican managers of Ohio

county are running the bloody shirt,

stalwart, sectional prejudice issues, and

are, with all the vindictiveness they can

command, denouncing the Democrats

for hostility to Union soldiers and suc-

cess at the majority in Congress, calling

them rebels, brigadiers, &amp;c. The Re-

publican convention of this county in

the face of all this gave brave Union

soldiers a thrust. That shows how hol-

low and false is their pretended love

for the Union soldier. Leonard T. Cox,

of Rossine, was as brave a soldier as ever

shouldered a musket to fight on the

Federal side in the late war. He was at

the front where he connected it to his

duty, and went through the whole war.

He is a sensible, honorable, upright man,

and is the superior in a practical point

of view to the man nominated, and is a

firm, staunch, consistent Republican.

Mr. Cox was unanimously endorsed by

the Republicans of his district, which

is the strongest Republican district in

the county. Mr. Cox got 6 votes in the

convention. The man nominated

scarcely knew, during the war, what he

was. He was a complete political non-

descript even for some years after the

war, and espoused the Republican cause

when he saw a chance for official pre-

ference. He received 43 votes, while

three gallant, brave, chivalrous Union

soldiers who fought the war through and

received honorableness, and either

of whom are the peer of Dr. Mendo-

r, only got 16 votes between them, viz:

Cox, 6; David L. Smith, 3; and W.

Perry Reider, 7. Again in their speeches

at that convention the leaders denunciated the Democrats for electing Brigadier General of the Confederate army to seats in the United States Senate, but turned right round and nominated Dr. J. W. Mendo, who, as Representative of this county in the last Legislature, voted for and assisted to elect Confederate Brigadier General John S. Williams to a seat in the Senate of the United States from this State. Oh, what a hollow mockery is the pretended love of the Republican managers of Ohio county for the soldiers of the Union in the late war.

## The News' Variations.

We have been asked why we don't issue a supplement like the HERALD. We give a greater amount of reading matter than any other country paper; those called supplements are nothing more nor less than advertising sheets, gotten up and printed by Louisville merchants free of cost, to any publisher who will do them the favor to distribute them for nothing, to the detriment of merchants who advertise in the legitimate way, and but few papers will have anything to do with them, and they are right.—Ohio County News of May 13th.

Yesterday the News sent out a supplement full of advertisements and Col. Evans' Speeches and appointments. Oh, what a change has come over the spirit of his dream! He says in order to place the speech of Hon. Walter Evans before his readers is the reason it is sent out. The supplement we sent out contained the full proceedings of the Democratic convention, the President's veto and the Appellate convention, and not having room in our paper we sent out a supplement, but oh, that was fearfully wrong in us. These papers who refused to have anything to do with these supplements were right, and in one short month the News, by its own standard of right, gets right wrong. What more is needed to convince the public of the insincerity, inconsistency of the News? It is all things to all men at such times as it suits its convenience.

## Who will Require Stronger Proof.

The Republicans in Congress and the Republican papers all over the land have been raising a miserable howl against the repeal of the Soldier-at-the-polls law and say that the South has been carried by the Democrats through fraud and intimidation. They shriek most wildly about the election in South Carolina last fall.

A large number of men were informed by the special emissaries of the Administration. Warrants were issued by Republican officials, arrests were made by U. S. Marshals, the cases were set for trial and came up before U. S. Judges, the juries were selected from that class of people who could not take the iron-clad oath, to the effect that they never participated in the secession or rebellion movement or sympathized or gave it aid or comfort. The supervisors who gave the blood-curdling information against those men were heard in evidence, the country was scorned for witnesses and yet after a full hearing of all these, the cases were so utterly weak and the accusations so glaringly false that the U. S. partisan Judge could not find it in his heart and conscience to even put them on the defense but ordered them to be liberated. Now these are facts of record and, yet, bloody-shirt-revolution shriekers are howling as loud as ever about the elections in the South being controlled by the shot-gun intimidation policy. Who believes it?

## Constitutional Convention.

The power of the Legislature as to making appropriations in aid of internal improvements should be clearly defined. We do not say whether that power should be given or not. However we do say that it is getting burdensome to have a bill introduced at every session for the improvement of some river in the State and have the same discussed at the public expense for a week or two when the Legislature should be otherwise engaged.

The question of minority representation is, as yet, an experiment. Some states that have recently adopted new constitutions have adopted the plan of minority representation.

A convention would, of course, give the matter due consideration, examine its working in other states and if in their opinion it would be desirable or advantageous it could be adopted. We are not sufficiently acquainted with the practical working of the system to express an opinion. When our present constitution was framed slavery existed in Kentucky and quite a number of sections relate to the powers and duties of the legislature in regard to persons of African descent. Those provisions are now inoperative, and should, by all means, be stricken from our constitution. Another change that could and should in our opinion be made in regard to our elections, I believe there is no other elected by the people whose term of office is less than two years and we fall to see the necessity of holding elections annually. The terms of office of all officers could and should be so arranged that biennial elections only would be necessary. The election of our State and county officers could as well take place at the time of our elections for members of Congress and President thus saving a large sum annually to the people, and also avoiding the excitement attendant upon too frequent elections. In regard to the judiciary, I believe it is the settled opinion of the best minds of the State that our judicial system needs revision. The courts established by the constitution became so crowded that it became necessary for the transaction of business and the trial of criminals to establish other Courts, and it has been seriously questioned whether such courts were ever contemplated by the framers of our constitution. The reorganization of the courts of the State is of itself a sufficient impetus to demand that a convention be called and that at as early a day as can be legally done. We have no pet measure as to how the courts should be arranged, &c. However it seems to us that the Judges of the Court of Appeals should be elected by the people of the whole State. The whole State is interested in who shall be the Judges of our court of last resort.

We also think it would be well to make their term of office longer and if necessary render them ineligible for a second term. All of these changes and others will be well and thoroughly discussed and a conclusion arrived at that will be of material interest to our State and add much to its future prosperity. We are not fanatically in favor of calling a convention, but after surveying the whole field have concluded that it is best that it should be done as soon as possible and hope the voters of the State will think seriously of the matter and do what to them seems right in the premises.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. C. W. Wilhoite, of Owensboro, was in town last week.

Dr. F. L. Smith, of Auburn, is visiting relatives at Sulphur Springs.

Mr. Gross, of Williams, spent several days last week, in Harlanburg.

Judge R. S. Mosely returned last week from a week's visit to relatives in Warren county.

Mrs. Margaret Harrison, of Shelbyville, is visiting her uncle, Mr. H. D. Taylor, of this place.

Mr. J. J. Ball, of Paradise, son of Hon. D. B. Ball, was in town yesterday and honored us with a call.

Miss Mary Rowe and Maggie King, of this place, are visiting friends and relatives in South Carrollton.

Mr. H. C. Gray and wife, of Shelbyville, Ky., are visiting the family of Dr. J. E. Pendleton, of this place.

Mr. Harry P. Taylor, who has been absent for ten months, attending Bethel College, returned home last week.

Mr. W. P. Maxwell, after an absence of ten months attending Bethel College, Russellville, returned home last week.

Dr. J. E. Pendleton, who has been continued to his room for several days past, is, we are glad to see, up and out again.

Miss Belle Barnes, who has been attending South Carrollton Institute, during its last term, returned home last week.

Miss Mary Taylor, who has been attending Science Hill, Shelbyville, Ky., for the last ten months, returned home past week.

Mrs. Lewis Johnson, of Auburn, Ky., accompanied by her two children, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Fitzhugh, of Sulphur Springs.

Mr. O. M. Smith, of Rockport, Ind., and cousin, Miss Alice Wimp, of Brandenburg, are the guests of the family of Hon. E. D. Walker.

Mr. James Anderson and sister, Miss Mattie, who have been attending South Carrollton Institute, for ten months past, returned home last Saturday.

Mr. Willie Chapman, of this place, returned home last week from Cleveland College, where he had been for ten months past, attending the same.

Mr. Henry McHenry, Jr., returned last week from the Kentucky Military Institute, Fannin, Ga., where he had been for ten months past, attending the same.

Dr. J. W. Crowson, of Auburn, Logan county, spent several days in town last week, the guest of the Hartford House. He was accompanied by Mr. A. J. Spoford, of the same place.

Mr. T. B. Denmore, G. W. C. T. of Kentucky, and editor of the Good Templars Advocate, Louisville, spent a day or two in town last week, the guest of the senior editor of this paper. Mr. Denmore's visit to Hartford was for the purpose of resting a day or so from his labors and the visiting of friends.

## Chinese Lecture.

As announced last week, Rev. W. G. Bouton gave his usual course of lectures at the Court House.

The subject matter was divided into the following heads:

1st. The Social Life, in which he gave a synopsis of the laws of marriage, the mode of obtaining wives, the sphere of woman, &c; also the modes of travel, transportation, &c.

The second lecture was upon Chinese Civilization, the wonderfully low scale of wages, the degraded condition of the working classes, the obsolete theories concerning the shape and relative sphere of the earth, their erroneous notions of medicine, &c.

The third lecture was a synopsis of the Religions of the Orient. In this lecture Mr. Bouton speaks from the standpoint of an impartial observer and student of Sociology. He said he did not desire to convert his audience to Buddhism nor to Confucianism nor to any thing else. He presumed all had their notions of religion and that he could not change their views if he would nor would if he could. He announced himself as an impartial historian of the opinions of others, whose opinions were different from his own, but said he was willing to give credit where credit was due.

The lectures were spiced with anecdotes and illustrations which with a pleasant address and thorough familiarity with the topics discussed rendered them first-class entertainments.

The best classes of our citizens, the literary critics and professors of the most advanced and profound science, composed his audience and all were well pleased.

Mr. Bouton, although a young man, has had rare opportunities as a student of human society, as well as physical and metaphysical science, and his ready illustrations and analysis of the laws of society prove that he has made good use of his time.

The result of his study of comparative theology has been to make of him what is known as a "Liberal" in religion.

The systems of Faith in the Orient were shown to be complete and suggestively parallel with our own systems of religion.

The fourth lecture of the series was upon Japan and the Japanese, and gave in one short hour a vast deal of fresh and valuable information upon the Land of the Rising Sun, of modern times.

The whole series of lectures were useful, practical and speed with humor. His power of description and delineation of character is fine, and his command of language fluent. He purposes devoting his life to travel and study for literary work, and if he has health, his success is almost certain and at no distant day he will be heard by the most advanced circles of Scholarship and research.

The audience requested him to repeat the third lecture on Saturday evening, which he consented to do and had the largest audience of the week upon that occasion. We were anxious to learn more about "Neighbor John's" religions.

We liked the lectures and all he said entertained us; but one thing that pleased us most was the evident fact that Mr. Bouton was not attempting to build up a dogma and to bring every thing to a point to prove his pet notions, but, on the contrary, he had truth for his polar star and was willing to bend, twist and crush out every bias, prejudice, superstition or dogma that upon investigation did not have facts and common sense as its basis. In other words he is open to conviction, believes in investigation and is willing to accept the truth when reached in this manner. What ever he feels justified in saying from the standpoint of truth as he sees it from all the lights he has or can get hold of, he dares to speak it right out, let it please or displease whom it may. He has a bright future before him and at no distant day will be one of the most noted lecturers of the age.

## 200 Dollars in Gold! 200

## Given Away

TO SUBSCRIBERS OF

## THE HARTFORD HERALD!

## READ THIS CAREFULLY.

In order to stimulate the Farmers to greater exertions, and induce them to improve the quality of their two great staples, Corn and Tobacco, and at the same time increase the circulation of the HERALD, we offer the following very liberal Premiums, amounting in the aggregate to

## 200 DOLLARS.

For the best 30 ears of Bread-corn,	\$25
Second best,	10
Third best,	5
For the best 30 ears Stock-corn-	\$25
Second best	10
Third best	5
For the best sample ten pounds shipping or stemming Leaf Tobacco	\$25
Second best	10
Third best	5
For the best sample ten pounds manufacturing Leaf Tobacco	\$25
Second best	10
Third best	5
For the best sample ten pounds cutting Leaf tobacco,	\$25
Second Best	10
Third best	5

The samples in each case must be of the growth of 1879, and produced by the person competing, or on his premises.

These premiums are only offered to citizens of Ohio and the adjoining Counties who are bona-fide paid-up yearly subscribers to the Hartford Herald, and continue to be such up to the time of the Fair, which will be held some time in November or December, 1879.

Competent and impartial Judges will make the awards.

Remember that all it requires to be a competitor for these premiums, is to be a paid-up subscriber to the HERALD. The HERALD is your local paper, and you ought to take it any how, and it is well worth the subscription price. We gave one hundred and five dollars in premiums in 1877. Subscribe now in time. Don't let this opportunity pass.

The samples that take premiums will be kept by us and placed on exhibition in the Herald Office, all the other samples will be sold at public auction, and the proceeds equally divided between the persons entering them, and placed to their credit on subscriptions to the Herald.

You here have a chance to get a paper worth \$2.00 for \$1.50, and a chance at \$200.00 in Premiums besides. If you were to go to the Agricultural Fairs of the Country and contest for premiums aggregating \$200.00, you would be charged an entrance fee of from \$30.00 to \$40.00, but we charge you nothing. Do not forget that the Herald is the pioneer paper of Ohio County.

The only one that ever existed six months, and it is now in its fifth year, and your help to sustain it is returned by helping to bring to notice your staple products, improving their quality, and increasing their market value.

## BARRETT &amp; BRO

Ray & Co., proprietors of the Falls City Tobacco Warehouse, Louisville, Ky., contribute \$15.00 of the above.

I. P. Barnard, General Merchant, Beaver Dam, contributes \$15.00 of the above.

S. W. Anderson, Proprietor of Anderson's Bazar, Hartford, Ky., contributes \$20.00 of the above.

## NEW DRUG STORE.

JAS. A. THOMAS.

C. G. KIMBLEY.

## Thomas &amp; Kimbley,

Have purchased and will open an entire new stock of

## PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES,

## CHEMICALS, TOILET &amp; FANCY ARTICLES,

Sponges, Perfumeries, Soaps, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

All the Standard Patent Medicines kept constantly on hand.

Next door to Rosenberg's, : Hartford, Ky.

Physicians Prescriptions carefully filled at any time. They have secured the services of Mr. F. E. Kimbley as salesman and prescription clerk. He has had considerable experience in this capacity. He can always be found in the Store or his rooms over head.

They propose to do a legitimate business.

What if Blackburn does Get Nominated for Governor

IF YOU WANT TO BUY CHEAP

## DRY GOODS!

Notions, Boots &amp; Shoes, and Latest Styles of Ladies Hats

YOU MUST GO TO

## McHenry Coal Co.'s Store

McHENRY, KY.,

Who has just received the largest and best assorted stock ever brought to this part of the country.

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING a Specialty,

No. 1 SPRING SUITS, LATE STYLES, NICE GOODS, \$5.00.

Bacon and all kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

W. G. DUNCAN, Supt.









